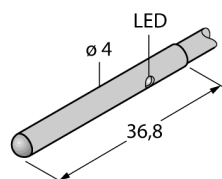


Photoelectric Sensor

Convergent Mode Sensor

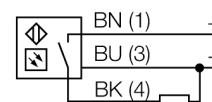
Miniature Sensor

VSM4AP6CV10



- Stainless steel housing V2A
- Protection class IP67
- Cable, 2 m, 3-wire
- Lens, sapphire crystal glass
- Operating voltage: 10...30 VDC
- PNP switching output, light operation

Wiring Diagram

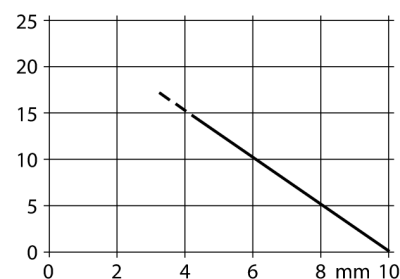


Type	VSM4AP6CV10
ID	3013340
Optical data	
Function	Proximity switch
Operating mode	Diffuse
Light type	IR
Wavelength	880 nm
Focal distance	10 mm
Electrical data	
Operating voltage U_s	10...30 VDC
Residual ripple	< 10 % U_s
DC rated operating current I_s	≤ 100 mA
No-load current I_0	≤ 15 mA
Short-circuit protection	yes
Reverse polarity protection	yes
Output function	NO contact, light operation, PNP
Switching frequency	≤ 250 Hz
Readiness delay	≤ 20 ms
Response time typical	< 2.5 ms
Mechanical data	
Design	Tube, VSM
Dimensions	Ø 4 x 36.8 mm
Housing material	Metal, Stainless steel
Lens	glass, Saphir
Electrical connection	Cable, 2 m, PVC
Number of cores	3
Core cross-section	0.34 mm ²
Ambient temperature	0...+55 °C
Protection class	IP67
Switching state	LED, Yellow
Excess gain indication	LED, flashing

Functional principle

Convergent mode sensors are equipped with a lens in front of the emitter diode that produces a small and intense focal point at a defined distance from the sensor. Similar to diffuse mode sensors, the light reflected by the target is evaluated. Convergent mode sensors are ideal for the detection of small targets, color marks, edge guiding and positioning control of transparent materials. The targets must always be within the focal depth of the sensors. The focal depth is defined as the area in front of or behind the focal point within which the object can be detected. Based on the intense light concentration in the focal point, convergent mode sensors are capable of detecting targets with a low reflectivity.

Excess Gain Curve



Tests/approvals

Approvals

CE, UL