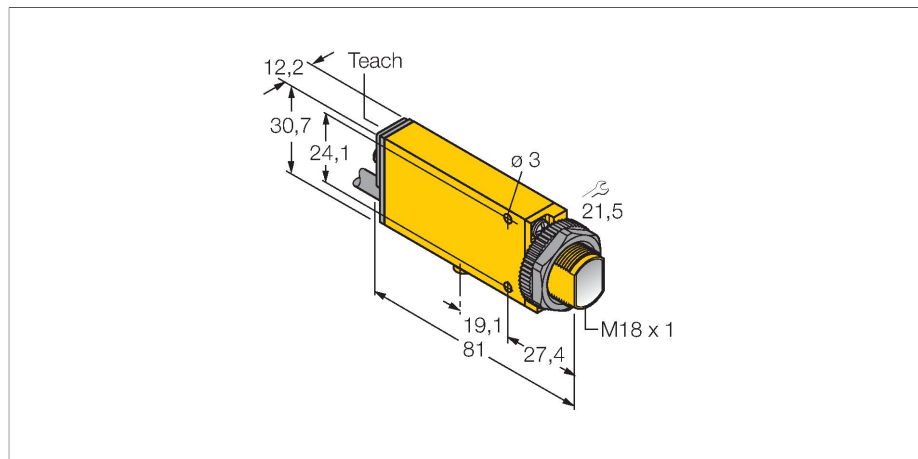


SM2A31RLEQDP

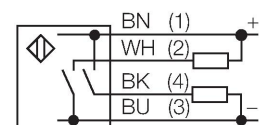
Photoelectric Sensor – Opposed Mode Sensor (Emitter/Receiver)



Features

- Cable, PVC, 2 m
- Protection class IP67
- Sensitivity adjustable via potentiometer
- Alignment indicator
- Operating voltage: 24...240 VAC
- Switching output, bipolar
- Light/dark operation

Wiring diagram



Technical data

Type	SM2A31RLEQDP
ID	3037132
Optical data	
Function	Opposed mode sensor
Operating mode	Emitter/receiver pair
Range	30000 mm
Electrical data	
Operating voltage	24...240 VAC
Output function	Relay output
Readiness delay	≤ 300 ms
Response time typical	< 2 ms
Setting option	Potentiometer
Mechanical data	
Design	Rectangular with thread, Mini Beam
Dimensions	Ø 18 mm
Housing material	Plastic, Thermoplastic material, Yellow
Lens	plastic, Acrylic
Electrical connection	Cable with connector, 1/2", 0.15 m, PVC
Number of cores	3
Ambient temperature	-20...+70 °C
Protection class	IP67
Special features	Encapsulated
Excess gain indication	LED
Tests/approvals	
MTTF	777 years acc. to SN 29500 (Ed. 99) 40 °C

Functional principle

Opposed mode sensors consist of an emitter and receiver. They are installed opposite each other so that the light from the emitter is aimed directly at the receiver. When an object interrupts or weakens the light beam, the sensor switches. Opposed mode sensors are the most reliable photoelectric sensors for detection of opaque targets. An excellent contrast between light and dark conditions and an extremely high excess gain are typical of this sensing mode, thus allowing operation over larger distances and under difficult conditions.

Excess gain curve
Excess gain in relation to the distance

